

The Republican Ticket

CONGRESSIONAL.
First District—
CHAS. G. WILLIAMS, of Rock.
SENATORIAL.
For State Senator—Seventeenth District—
HAMILTON RICHARDS, of Janesville.

REPUBLICAN COUNTY CONVENTION.

A Republican County Convention will be held at the Court House, in the City of Janesville, on the 25th day of August, 1878, at 10 o'clock, noon, to nominate candidates for county offices. Under the new apportionment made by direction of the last County Convention, the several towns and wards will be entitled to delegates as follows: Ayon, Beloit, Bradford, Center, Harmony, Janesville, Johnson, La Prairie, Lima, Magnolia, Newark, Plymouth, Porter, Rock, Spring Valley, Turtle, the Second, Third and Fourth wards of the City of Beloit, and Third ward of the City of Janesville, two each. The First ward of the City of Beloit, three. Clinton, Fulton, Union, Milton, and the Second and Third wards of the City of Janesville, four each. The First and Fourth wards of the City of Janesville, five each.
C. F. G. COLLINS,
C. M. SMITH,
W. T. VAN KIRK,
H. STEBBINS,
County Committee.

THE NOMINATION OF MR. WILLIAMS.

The Republican Convention at Elkhorn yesterday, nominated Hon. Charles G. Williams for Congress. This is the fourth nomination he has received from the Republicans of the First District, and the large attendance at the Convention on Tuesday, the perfect harmony which prevailed, and the unanimity and enthusiasm with which he was endorsed and told to return to Congress, give expression to a sentiment more flattering to him and his record, than can be given in words. We took the liberty of saying more than two months ago that any opposition to his re-nomination at this year, would be ill-timed, and unfortunate for the District and even for the State at large. In taking this position, we had due regard for the rights and the ability of the gentlemen whose names were frequently mentioned by other papers in connection with the Congressional question. The times are peculiar, the issues which divide the political parties are significant. The actions of the Southern Democracy for the past two years and especially their utterances and movements in Congress during the past session, are portentous. The reckless character of the House, the revolutionary spirit which control the Southern members, the impending flood of rebel claims, place the country in a condition which excites no little alarm. Then again, there is the wild cry for the issue of an irredeemable paper by which every man will fill his pockets with paper called money, which he will not be compelled to earn, and a clamor for the Government to support an army of ramp-men who won't work for an honest living when they can. These are the questions which we can not escape on the stump or in Congress. To give the Republican party commanding strength in the House, to enable it to meet these vital issues—the rebel power on the one and a disastrous inflation on the other—the party should elect to Congress its strongest and most influential men. Mr. Williams' five years of faithful service and long study in the National House of Representatives, give him a prestige and an influence in Congress which a new man could not possess. He thoroughly understands the complex business of the House; he is a forcible, eloquent, and a ready speaker; he has the courage to meet the old and daring spirit of the Southern agitators on the floor of Congress; on committees where the hard work in Congress is done, he exerts an influence which can only come of practical ability and tried experience; he thoroughly comprehends the wants of the District, never neglects its interests, and has never used the federal patronage at his command for a selfish purpose. He stands squarely by the sound address issued by the State Central Committee, advocating the principles therein stated long before they were put in form by the Committee. He will make a vigorous canvass this fall, and will speak not at all the principal parts in the District, at the State at large will be his field of operation. His election this year is assured by even a greater majority than two years ago.

THE STATE FAIR.

The Entries—President Hayes Invited to Visit the Fair.
MADISON, August 13.—Entries are coming in rapidly for the State Fair, which commences here September 9th. Extensive arrangements are being made, water being taken from University Hill, additional buildings erected, etc. All the departments will be connected by Bell telephones. President Hayes having signified his intention of being present at the Minnesota State Fair, which occurs a week previous to the Wisconsin State Fair, an invitation has been extended him by the officers of the Agricultural Society to be present at our fair. Several members of Congress have written him, strongly urging his acceptance, which he will doubtless do.

CONFIDENCED.

A Hoosier Victimized out of \$300 by St. Paul Sharps.
ST. PAUL, Minn., Aug. 13.—W. F. Dougherty, an elderly gentleman from near Princeton, Gibson county, Indiana, traveling with his wife to visit their son in Wright county, Ill., was allowed a stranger at the railroad depot to make his acquaintance, the stranger pretending to know his son, and in the usual style, was done out of \$333, borrowed to pay a bill presented by a confederate, the old man receiving as security an unsigned \$1,800 bond of the Colorado Mining Company. The confidence men had several hours' start before the police were informed, and probably left town.

THE FOURTH.

MILWAUKEE, Aug. 13.—The Democratic Congressional Convention of this (the Fourth) district is called to be held at West Bend September 18. The delegates will be two from each Senate and Assembly District, with one extra delegate from Ozaukee county, making twenty-eight delegates, Washington county five, and Ozaukee county four.

Serve an Injunction on Disease.

By invigorating a feeble constitution, renovating a debilitated physique, and enriching a thin and languid circulation with Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, the finest, the most highly sanctioned, and the most popular tonic and preventive in existence. It strengthens the stomach, remedies torpor of the liver and bowels, and gives a healthy impulse to the secretory and discharging functions of the kidneys and bladder. Not only does it arrest and prevent the recurrence of malarial fevers, but it furnishes the only adequate safeguard against them to persons who have never been afflicted with those maladies, but would be liable to incur them if medicinally unprotected. It eliminates from the blood certain impurities which the most skillful pathologists assign as the exciting causes of those agonizing complaints, rheumatism and gout, and it is, moreover, an excellent remedy for an enfeebled or overworked state of the nerves, and for mental despondency.

A CARD.

To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, &c., I will send a recipe that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the Rev. Joseph T. INMAN, Station D, Bible House New York City.

THE NEWS.

The Train Robbers at Work Again in Missouri.

A Passenger Train Boarded by Four Men at Winthrop.

And the Conductor and Express Messenger Compelled to Hand Over the Treasure.

The Robbers All Escape and the Train Proceeds Unharmed.

A Hoosier Confidenced Out of \$300 at St. Paul.

President Hayes Invited to Visit the State Fair.

TRAIN ROBBERS.

A Passenger Train Robbed by Four Men Near Winthrop, Missouri.
KANSAS CITY, Mo., Aug. 13.—This morning about half-past 1 o'clock as the passenger train on the Kansas City, St. Joe and Council Bluffs Road left Winthrop station, immediately opposite Atchison, Kansas, four men boarded it, getting on between the express and passenger cars. They were all well dressed and wore linen ulsters. When the train had reached a point about a mile and a half this side of Winthrop, the conductor, Mr. Brown, was greeted with three cocked pistols in close proximity to his head. One of the party of robbers, a tall fellow, acted as spokesman. He asked Mr. Brown if he had any money, and was answered "Yes, a small lot of change" having in the meantime thrown his pocketbook away. The spokesman then demanded to know if Brown was armed, and was answered in the negative. He was then ordered to go back into the express car, which he did, the robbers meanwhile covering him with their pistols. Upon entering the car the fourth robber, who had remained quietly presented a cocked pistol at the head of Mr. Baxter, the express manager, and demanded what money was in his safe, and the frightened expressman delivered to him \$5,075. Brown was then ordered to stop the train, which he did; whereupon the robbers left the train, one at a time, through the train covering the conductor with their weapons until the first one had got into position to hold him in his place. After they had left the train all leveled their pistols at Brown and instructed him promptly to leave with his train or they would fire upon him, and as the train moved on they disappeared in darkness, and have not since been seen or heard of. The transaction was very rapid and quiet, and was not known until the brakeman, in passing through the train, told the story.

THE STATE FAIR.

The Entries—President Hayes Invited to Visit the Fair.
MADISON, August 13.—Entries are coming in rapidly for the State Fair, which commences here September 9th. Extensive arrangements are being made, water being taken from University Hill, additional buildings erected, etc. All the departments will be connected by Bell telephones. President Hayes having signified his intention of being present at the Minnesota State Fair, which occurs a week previous to the Wisconsin State Fair, an invitation has been extended him by the officers of the Agricultural Society to be present at our fair. Several members of Congress have written him, strongly urging his acceptance, which he will doubtless do.

CONFIDENCED.

A Hoosier Victimized out of \$300 by St. Paul Sharps.
ST. PAUL, Minn., Aug. 13.—W. F. Dougherty, an elderly gentleman from near Princeton, Gibson county, Indiana, traveling with his wife to visit their son in Wright county, Ill., was allowed a stranger at the railroad depot to make his acquaintance, the stranger pretending to know his son, and in the usual style, was done out of \$333, borrowed to pay a bill presented by a confederate, the old man receiving as security an unsigned \$1,800 bond of the Colorado Mining Company. The confidence men had several hours' start before the police were informed, and probably left town.

THE FOURTH.

MILWAUKEE, Aug. 13.—The Democratic Congressional Convention of this (the Fourth) district is called to be held at West Bend September 18. The delegates will be two from each Senate and Assembly District, with one extra delegate from Ozaukee county, making twenty-eight delegates, Washington county five, and Ozaukee county four.

Serve an Injunction on Disease.

By invigorating a feeble constitution, renovating a debilitated physique, and enriching a thin and languid circulation with Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, the finest, the most highly sanctioned, and the most popular tonic and preventive in existence. It strengthens the stomach, remedies torpor of the liver and bowels, and gives a healthy impulse to the secretory and discharging functions of the kidneys and bladder. Not only does it arrest and prevent the recurrence of malarial fevers, but it furnishes the only adequate safeguard against them to persons who have never been afflicted with those maladies, but would be liable to incur them if medicinally unprotected. It eliminates from the blood certain impurities which the most skillful pathologists assign as the exciting causes of those agonizing complaints, rheumatism and gout, and it is, moreover, an excellent remedy for an enfeebled or overworked state of the nerves, and for mental despondency.

A CARD.

To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, &c., I will send a recipe that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the Rev. Joseph T. INMAN, Station D, Bible House New York City.

CONGRESSIONAL.

The Proceedings in the First District on Tuesday.

The Renomination of Charles G. Williams on the First Formal Ballot.

A Harmonious and Enthusiastic Convention.

The Endorsement of the Address of the State Central Committee.

The Full Text of the Speech of Mr. Williams in Accepting the Nomination.

The Republican Congressional Convention of the First District met at Elkhorn on Tuesday, August 13, at noon, and was called to order by Hon. J. R. Bennett, of Janesville, Chairman of the Congressional Committee.

On motion of Col. Z. P. Burdick, Hon. W. D. Bacon, of Waukesha, was chosen chairman, and on motion of A. M. Carter, of Johnson, Pliny Norcross, of Janesville, was chosen Secretary.

On motion a committee of five on credentials, consisting of the following gentlemen, was appointed: E. G. Tamm, Kenosha, W. E. Chapman, Racine, H. F. Hobart, Beloit, E. S. Stone, Waukesha, W. R. Herron, Walworth.

On motion of John R. Bennett, a committee of five on resolutions, was appointed as follows: S. J. Todd, Beloit, A. E. Gilbert, Waukesha, T. G. Fish, Racine, J. D. Fowler, Kenosha, A. M. Aldrich, Walworth.

On motion of J. R. Bennett, the Convention took a recess until 1:30.
1:30 p.m.—The Convention was called to order, and the Committee on credentials reported the following persons as entitled to seats in the Convention:
Senatorial—W. W. Starrett, George Allen.
First Assembly—Charles Palmer, A. M. Aldrich.
Second Assembly—W. R. Herron, Levi H. Nichols.
Third Assembly—W. L. K. Stewart, James H. Lawton.

Senatorial—J. R. Bennett, S. J. Todd.
First Assembly—M. Bennett, H. F. Hobart.
Second Assembly—Penny Norcross, Z. P. Burdick.
Third Assembly—A. M. Carter, G. W. Lamont.

Senatorial—W. D. Bacon, E. S. Stone.
First Assembly—E. W. Chaffin, A. E. Gilbert.
Second Assembly—F. H. Tucker, F. W. Coon.
Senatorial—Lewis C. Klein, W. E. Chapman.
First Assembly—A. M. Phelps, T. G. Fish.
Second Assembly—S. A. Sage, John Buehstow.

J. D. Fowler, E. G. Tamm.
The Committee on Resolutions reported as follows:
Resolved, That we approve of the address issued by the Republican State Central Committee on the 31st of July last, and we hereby adopt the same as an expression of the sentiment of this convention upon the issues pending before the country.

On motion of A. M. Carter, the convention proceeded to an informal ballot for member of Congress, A. M. Carter and F. W. Coon acting as tellers.

E. W. Chaffin, of Waukesha, presented the name of Charles G. Williams. He said he presented the name of a man who knew enough to know that Congress could not make money by the printing press alone, and that there is no way of getting money except by hard labor. He then spoke of the career of Mr. Williams in Congress and flattering terms, which were received with applause.

There being no other name presented to the Convention, an informal vote was taken which resulted as follows:
Williams.....14
Baker.....14
Littlejohn.....5
Blank.....1

A delegate rose and withdrew the name of Mr. Baker, for the reason that he was not a candidate and that the vote was merely a complimentary one.
FIRST FORMAL BALLOT.
Williams.....25
Littlejohn.....5

The Chair announced that Mr. Williams having received a majority of all the votes cast, was the Republican nominee for Congress, which was received with hearty applause.

On motion, the nomination was made unanimously, which was carried with a will.

On motion, Sydney B. Sage and E. W. Chaffin were appointed a committee to wait upon Mr. Williams and inform him of his nomination. Mr. Williams soon appeared in the hall and was greeted with a hearty round of applause. On being introduced by the Chairman, Mr. Williams said:
Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen of the Convention:
When a ship has sprung a leak or is drifting before the wind, it may be good management for officers and men to gather on the deck and discuss general questions pertaining to the scientific navigation of the sea, each one resolving in advance that he will never lift a finger nor bear a hand until his particular life and methods shall be adopted and pursued. It has always been supposed, however, that the proper thing to do in an emergency like this, was first to man the ropes and save the ship, and discuss questions of navigation afterward.

accidental, about which men do differ, always will differ, and probably on the whole it is better both for society and government that they should differ.

It is when these two classes of questions become transposed and interlarded that confusion and disorder follow, and not unfrequently destruction and ruin overwhelm the best governments on earth. It is the eye fixed upon the pole star of principle, unchanged and unchangeable, that safely guides the sovereign and guides the servant, guides the people and guides the representative, through the storm and darkness of political commotion. Shape your course by this rule, sail under the same flag, hold the ship hard to the breeze of exact justice and equal rights to all, and though you commit a hundred errors, if honest and sincere, no one will ask you to explain this year why you did that and so the year before. The people themselves will read your motives in language plain as the sky and broad as the ocean. [Applause.]

Gentlemen of the Convention, if you will permit me to state, what I regard as the vital issues of this campaign, they are in brief these: The protection of the citizen, the enforcement of the laws, the preservation of the public peace, and the perpetuity of free institutions in this country. [Applause.] Do you regard these as mere high sounding generalities? then answer if you can, why it is that in four of the free States of this Union having Republican majorities ranging from 14,000 to 25,000, the people put a Republican ticket in the field this year. It is because they know that to do so is to do it at the peril of their lives, that they will be killed not like men, in brave and honorable warfare, but shot like dogs while sleeping in their beds. Do you say this statement is unwarranted? Then read the action of the public State Committee in South Carolina, last week, which says:

"We deem it inexpedient to nominate candidates for Governor and other State officers, because, owing to the condition of things in this State occasioned by rifle-club rule, and two years of Democratic repression, it is impossible for the Republican party to do so without incurring great personal danger, to organize for a campaign or to vote at the election when held."

What does this mean? It means that in the State of South Carolina, a State having 25,000 Republican majority, that if an American citizen shall in the most peaceable manner deposit the ballot of his conscience, that he will be killed, and that that peril is so great, that not even the politicians who are the most interested in holding elections, dare incur the responsibility.

Wisconsin, with her 10,000 to 15,000 majority, dare put a Republican ticket in the field; but South Carolina, with from 20,000 to 25,000 majority dare not do so. Do you think that a just and merciful God will allow these things to go on peaceably and prosperously in our country, while we sit down fearfully to discuss questions of tariff and finance, and try to convince ourselves that promise is as good as performance, that payment means only a promise to pay? I do not think so.

I do not think that we can outplay power into coin, and transform arbitrary commands into days work. [Applause.] Do you accuse me of attempting to bring these old issues to the front out of their natural order? Then listen to the voice of the Hon. Charles Foster, of New York, with the view of ascertaining if I could, about placing me upon this platform. I have this to say in return, that having stood upon its distinctive principles all my life, and standing upon them to-day, I have no special occasion to step on to them, and I do not think I shall be very likely to step off from them, at the back and call of anybody.

As to the distribution of public patronage in this district if any man knows of my using it for my own personal advancement, rather than for the public good, all confidences are "off" and he is at liberty to proclaim it. In all these matters I have been patient, and investigated carefully, with the view of ascertaining if I could, the real wishes of the people and have then decided to the best of my ability, and the decision, when made, has been my own. That I have made mistakes in this regard I have no doubt, but some of the most many letters I have ever received have come from men whom I have been compelled to disappoint, and I will endeavor to follow it as well as I can.

Now if any gentleman can suggest to me any better method of complying with the requirements of Civil Service Reform, I will be obliged to him if he will impart it to me even in confidence, and I will endeavor to follow it as well as I can.

But there is one thing I am no longer willing to submit to in silence, and that is with being requested to make recommendations at one end of the line, and then being charged at the other with joining in some conspiracy to break down the Civil Service policy of the President. [Applause.] And what I say for myself in this regard, I feel compelled to repeat in regard to every member of the Wisconsin delegation in Congress.

Gentlemen of the Convention: In perusing the line of remark which I have done thus far, I trust you will not think that I have forgotten the high honor you pay me to-day. For five years I have represented in Congress the constituency which you represent here. No words of mine are needed to tell you their character. Situated in the oldest settled portion of the State, surrounded by wealth gathered in the most legitimate manner, blessed with happy homes and fruitful fields; in a region interspersed with beautiful lakes, and young and thrifty manufacturing cities and towns, with commercial and educational advantages on every hand, without exhibiting the bad taste of vaunting them over others, it seems to me that if there be a constituency anywhere capable of realizing the American idea of free government, in its best estate, that constituency exists in the First Congressional District of Wisconsin.

To represent such a constituency for seven or ten years ought to impress upon me not only with the honor conferred, but with the responsibility imposed.

Hearing something this year of "machine politics" and "cliques and rings" of "wire-pullers and workers," at the adjournment of Congress I returned to my home and remained there, and if any one has heard or knows of my saying or doing or writing anything inconsistent with that proposition, that my nomination must come if it came at all, by the free and voluntary choice of the people, untampered with and unsolicited by me, he is at liberty to declare it. [Applause.] I mention this that it may be known how nominations are made in the first district. I hope the rule may not be changed, but that whoever shall receive it hereafter, may receive it as I have done thus far unhampered by a pledge, unbacked by a promise, and that in return, he may have the honor to remember and the manhood to acknowledge, the deep sense of obligation under which such generosity places him. In this sense and in this spirit, I accept the nomination ten-

lessly in the hands of the opposition, after the 4th of March next.

And thus, without a star of hope, or a gleam of light in the South, with thirty representatives created by negro suffrage and the Constitutional amendments turned against us, with the two houses of Congress gone, with the Executive department menaced, with the army, and navy and the treasury in the hands of men who sought to destroy the government and who hate its defenders; with the only hope left, that by sinking all differences among Republicans, by silencing all bickerings and complaints, and by a vigorous, united and almost superhuman effort we may rescue and regain the House of Representatives. Are we to be told, even in the old, Republican First District of Wisconsin, that members of the Republican party, who remember its traditions and its struggles, and witnessed its triumphs are now willing, on some false or secondary issue to decimate its ranks, divide its strength, and deliver it over, bound hand and foot to the enemy? Mr. Chairman, I shall believe that, when I see it demonstrated. [Applause.]

But if any considerable number can be found here or elsewhere willing to do it, let them do it in the light of day, do it by the graves of our soldiers and within full view of their stricken homes.

That men should differ upon questions of finance or kindred questions pertaining to the administration of the government, is most natural. That these questions relating to labor, and to the rights of laboring men, will upon ample preparation be discussed in the coming canvass with care, candor, and considerate regard for the opinion of others, I have no doubt, but if the advocates of any of these projects propose to desert the Republican ranks, go over to the enemy, affiliate themselves with a party which can only wield power in the national councils as it is directed and controlled by the Confederate Democracy of the South. If they propose to rob the Republican party which has always been their friend, of all power to inaugurate or conduct practices measures of redress, then to the heads, not to ours, be the responsibility. [Applause.]

While I feel alive to all these issues, I shall not enter upon them here to-day. My official record on these questions, so far as anybody has cared to read it, is known to all, to Republicans, to Greenbackers, to Nationalists, to laboring men, to soldiers and to Democrats. While I trust that I shall not be accused of evading the issues, I have the consolation of knowing that no vote has been dodged and no responsibility evaded.

Not being informed that it is moment what platform the Convention has adopted, but presuming that you have endorsed the address of the Republican State Central Committee, and something having been said about placing me upon this platform, I have this to say in return, that having stood upon its distinctive principles all my life, and standing upon them to-day, I have no special occasion to step on to them, and I do not think I shall be very likely to step off from them, at the back and call of anybody.

As to the distribution of public patronage in this district if any man knows of my using it for my own personal advancement, rather than for the public good, all confidences are "off" and he is at liberty to proclaim it. In all these matters I have been patient, and investigated carefully, with the view of ascertaining if I could, the real wishes of the people and have then decided to the best of my ability, and the decision, when made, has been my own. That I have made mistakes in this regard I have no doubt, but some of the most many letters I have ever received have come from men whom I have been compelled to disappoint, and I will endeavor to follow it as well as I can.

Now if any gentleman can suggest to me any better method of complying with the requirements of Civil Service Reform, I will be obliged to him if he will impart it to me even in confidence, and I will endeavor to follow it as well as I can.

But there is one thing I am no longer willing to submit to in silence, and that is with being requested to make recommendations at one end of the line, and then being charged at the other with joining in some conspiracy to break down the Civil Service policy of the President. [Applause.] And what I say for myself in this regard, I feel compelled to repeat in regard to every member of the Wisconsin delegation in Congress.

Gentlemen of the Convention: In perusing the line of remark which I have done thus far, I trust you will not think that I have forgotten the high honor you pay me to-day. For five years I have represented in Congress the constituency which you represent here. No words of mine are needed to tell you their character. Situated in the oldest settled portion of the State, surrounded by wealth gathered in the most legitimate manner, blessed with happy homes and fruitful fields; in a region interspersed with beautiful lakes, and young and thrifty manufacturing cities and towns, with commercial and educational advantages on every hand, without exhibiting the bad taste of vaunting them over others, it seems to me that if there be a constituency anywhere capable of realizing the American idea of free government, in its best estate, that constituency exists in the First Congressional District of Wisconsin.

To represent such a constituency for seven or ten years ought to impress upon me not only with the honor conferred, but with the responsibility imposed.

Hearing something this year of "machine politics" and "cliques and rings" of "wire-pullers and workers," at the adjournment of Congress I returned to my home and remained there, and if any one has heard or knows of my saying or doing or writing anything inconsistent with that proposition, that my nomination must come if it came at all, by the free and voluntary choice of the people, untampered with and unsolicited by me, he is at liberty to declare it. [Applause.] I mention this that it may be known how nominations are made in the first district. I hope the rule may not be changed, but that whoever shall receive it hereafter, may receive it as I have done thus far unhampered by a pledge, unbacked by a promise, and that in return, he may have the honor to remember and the manhood to acknowledge, the deep sense of obligation under which such generosity places him. In this sense and in this spirit, I accept the nomination ten-

dered me. And as I see before me middle-aged and gray haired men with whom I have served at the bar almost from boyhood, or been associated with in the State Legislature, or in business or social life, and when I see them year by year waiting all claims and coming up steadily to my support, and when I see gentlemen of the local press who have supported me so faithfully with the hope of fee or reward, words of gratitude and of promise rise to my lips; but as I realize to-day—more than ever before—the responsibilities and perplexities of the position for which you have named me, and how little any one man, however well intentioned, can accomplish there. A feeling of caution admonishes me, and I can only say to you and ask you to say in turn to your constituents and mine, that all I can promise is, that as in the past, I have done as well as I could, so in the future I will do as well as I can. [Lord Applause.]

Some one moved to give three cheers for Mr. Williams. The Convention rose and gave three rousing cheers for the Congressman from the First District.

After the close of the speech, a motion was made to appoint a Congressional Committee. The old Committee was retained, with the exception of Mr. A. D. Thomas, who is about to leave the district, and Mr. D. B. Barnes, of Delavan, was appointed in his place. The Committee now stands—John R. Bennett, Rock; D. B. Barnes, Walworth; E. E. Eads, Waukesha; T. G. Fish, Racine, and W. E. Reed, Kenosha. Mr. Charles Palmerette was placed on the State Central Committee, to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Frank Lealand.

Adjourned.

TOWN CAUCUSES.

The Republican Town Committees have authorized notices to be published for Republican Town Caucuses in the following towns, and at the time and places named, for the purpose of choosing delegates to the Republican County Convention, and to the respective Assembly Conventions.

HARMONY—At Town Hall, Saturday, August 24th, at 2 o'clock p.m.

LA PRAIRIE—At Town Hall, Saturday, August 24th, at 2 o'clock p.m.

PORTER—At the usual place, Saturday, August 24th, at 2 o'clock p.m.

NOTICE.

The Republican electors of the town of Spring Valley, will meet in caucus at the basement, on Saturday, August 24th, 1878, at 4 o'clock p.m., for the purpose of choosing delegates to represent the town in the County Convention.

By order of Town Committee,
C. F. DICKEY, Chm.

Dated August 14th, 1878.

LOCAL MATTERS.

Ladies and Gents will always find the latest and cheapest Box and Staple Stationery in the city and Sutherland's Bookstore, No 29 Main Street.

Liver is King.

The Liver is the imperial organ of the whole human system, as it controls the life, health and happiness of man. When it is disturbed in its proper action, all kinds of ailments are the natural result. The digestion of food, the movement of the heart and blood, the action of the brain and nervous system, are all immediately connected with the workings of the Liver. It has been successfully proved that Green's August Plaster is unequalled in curing all persons afflicted with Dyspepsia or Liver Complaint, and all the numerous symptoms that result from an unhealthy condition of the Liver and Stomach. Sample bottles to try, 10 cents. Positively sold in all towns on the Western Continent. Three doses will prove that it is just what you want.

"The First Dose Given Relief."

Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry, 25 Cents.
The distressing cough, which threatened serious results, is quickly cured before it becomes a fatal pulmonary affection. For all throat, breast and lung disorders, Asthmatic or Bronchial affections, Hooping Cough, Liver Complaint, Blood Spitting, &c., no remedy is so prompt and effective as "Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry."

"I have made use of this preparation for many years, and it has proved to be very reliable and efficacious in the treatment of severe and long standing coughs. I know of two patients, now in comfortable health, and who but for its use I consider would not now be living."

ISAAC H. HERBEN, M.D.,
Stamtown, Berks county, Pa.

Price:—Trial bottles, 25 cents; large size, \$1, or six for \$5. A single 25 cent bottle will oftentimes cure a recent cough or cold, and thus prevent much suffering and risk of life. Prepared only by Dr. Swayne & Son, Philadelphia. Sold by leading Druggists.

Excessive Heat.

And unwholesome diet at this season of the year may speedily carry you to the grave. Parker's Ginger Tonic, by its corrective action on the entire digestive apparatus, will not only unfailingly cure Diarrhoea, Dysentery, Cholera, Cholera Infantum, Colic, Cramps, Spasms, etc., but will prevent those dangerous disorders from attacking the system. It may save your life, and should always be kept in the house. This pleasant remedy is recommended for feeding children, nursing mothers. Possessing many additional virtues of other valuable roots, it is far superior to Esences of Ginger, without their constipating effects, and while more invigorating than liquors never intoxicates, nor creates any desire for stimulants. It cures Dyspepsia, and its varied symptoms of Headache, Nervousness, Palpitation of the Heart, Wakefulness, Sour Stomach, Costiveness, Liver Disorders, Furred Tongue, Low Spirits, Neurasthenia and Rheumatic Pains, enables you to enjoy the fruits and vegetables of the season without fear, and gives comfort after a hearty meal. Buy a \$1.00 bottle of your druggist, A. J. Roberts, or a sample bottle at 15 cents, and test its extraordinary merits. j32dwootwep30

If Baldness or a Deficiency of Hair.

Exists, or if the hair is gray, dry or itchy, the natural youthful color can be restored by using "London Hair Color Restorer," the most delicate and safe ever introduced to the American people for increasing its growth, restoring its natural color, and at the same time a lovely hair dressing and beautifier. It is totally different from all others; not sticky or gummy, and free from all impure ingredients that render many other articles obnoxious; in fact it is exquisitely perfumed and so cleanly and elegantly prepared as to make its lasting hair dressing and toilet luxury.

J. A. TYNES, A PROMINENT CITIZEN,
Wilson, N. C., writes: Some ten years ago my hair commenced falling, and got very thin and turned gray, but after using "London Hair Color Restorer" the scalp became healthy, the hair stopped falling, the color was restored, and is now growing beautifully.

Ask your druggist for London Hair Color Restorer. Price, 75 cents a bottle. Six bottles, \$4. Main Depot for the U. S., 330 North Sixth St., Philadelphia. j32dwootwep30

COMMERCIAL.

JANESVILLE MARKET.
REPORTED FOR THE GAZETTE BY BUMP & GRAY
GRAIN AND PRODUCE DEALERS.

JANESVILLE, August 14

Flour—Patent \$1 75 per sack; Minnesota per sack; Wisconsin \$1 40 per sack.
Buckwheat Flour \$

THE GAZETTE.

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 14, 1878.

Chicago & North Western Railway.

ARRIVE:
From Chicago, Milwaukee and East, 8:53 a.m.
From Chicago, Milwaukee and East, 1:40 p.m.
From Chicago, Milwaukee and East, 4:40 p.m.
From Chicago, Milwaukee and East, 7:40 p.m.
From Chicago, Milwaukee and East, 10:40 p.m.

DEPART:
To Chicago, Milwaukee and East, 9:00 a.m.
To Chicago, Milwaukee and East, 1:45 p.m.
To Chicago, Milwaukee and East, 4:45 p.m.
To Chicago, Milwaukee and East, 7:45 p.m.
To Chicago, Milwaukee and East, 10:45 p.m.

Chicago & North Western R. R.
Trains at Janesville Station.
Depart.
Day Express, 1:30 p.m.
Day Express, 4:45 p.m.
Day Express, 7:45 p.m.
Day Express, 10:45 p.m.

Post-Office, Summer Time Table.
The mails arrive at the Janesville Post Office as follows:
Chicago and Way, 1:30 p.m.
Madison and Milwaukee, 7 a.m.
Chicago Through, Night via Milton, 7:30 a.m.
Waikato Junction, 7:30 a.m.
Green Bay and Way, 7:30 a.m.
Madison and Way, 7:30 a.m.
Milwaukee and Way, 7:30 a.m.

OVERLAND MAILS ARRIVE.
Centre and Leyden, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, 12:00 a.m.
aerial route, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, 12:00 a.m.
East Troy, via Johnston, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, 6:00 a.m.
Bristol stage, 11:00 a.m.

MAILS CLOSE AT THE JANESVILLE POST OFFICE AS FOLLOWS:
Madison and Milwaukee, 8 p.m.
Chicago Through, Night via Milton, 8:00 p.m.
Junction also Milton, 8:00 p.m.
Chicago and Way, 8:00 p.m.
All points East, West and South of Chicago, 8:00 p.m.
Chicago via Milton Junction, 8:00 p.m.
Green Bay and Way, including Wisconsin, Northern Michigan and Northern Iowa, 8:00 p.m.
Milwaukee and Way, 8:00 p.m.
West, Madison, via M. & P. d. C. R. W., including Northern Iowa, 8:00 p.m.
Madison, Broadhead and Way, 8:00 p.m.
H. K. Ford, Prospect and Way, 8:00 p.m.

OVERLAND MAILS CLOSE.
Bristol stage, 11:00 p.m.
Centre and Leyden, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, 12:00 p.m.
East Troy, via Johnston, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, 6:00 a.m.
General stage and Fairfield, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, 12:00 p.m.

POST-OFFICE HOURS.
Daily from 8:00 a.m. to 8:00 p.m. On Sundays from 12:00 to 1:00 p.m. Money Order and Registered Letter Department, open from 8:00 a.m. to 12:00 p.m. and from 1:00 p.m. to 8:00 p.m., except during the distribution of the mails. Stamps, stamped envelopes, postal cards and letters for sale at the post office from 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. Orders for stamped envelopes with return card printed thereon, should be left at the Money order Department.
On Saturday night only, a through pouch from Chicago is received on the Fond du Lac train, and on Monday morning only, a through pouch is made up and forwarded to Chicago on the 7 o'clock train.
By reading this table carefully, the public can post themselves thoroughly upon the arrival and departure of all the mails, and thus avoid much inconvenience to themselves.

J. A. PATTERSON, P. M.

MISCELLANEOUS.

CITY TAXES.

Notice is hereby given that the annual warrant for the collection of the City taxes for the year 1878, is now in my hands, and that I will receive and take at my office, in this city, until the 10th day of September next, after which I shall proceed to collect the same as the law directs.
J. M. H. SELECTION.
Treasurer of the City of Janesville, Wis., August 6, 1878.

REDUCED PRICES.

ALL BEER WITH RED MOUNTAIN.

BOTTLED BEER.

As follows:
Small bottles, 10c.
Large bottles, 20c.
By the case (C. O. D.), \$3.50.
A great reduction from old prices.
J. A. PATTERSON.

DR. V. CLARENCE PRICE.

HAS

Visited Janesville

EIGHTEEN YEARS.

HAS met with unparalleled success in the treatment of all

Chronic Diseases

OF THE

THROAT,

LUNGS,

HEART,

STOMACH,

LIVER.

Head, nerves, kidneys, bladder, womb, and blood affections of the urinary organs, gravel, rheumatism, catarrh, scurvy, hemorrhoids, dyspepsia, &c.
Dr. Price's reputation has been acquired by candid, honest dealing and years of successful practice.
My practice is not one of experiment, but founded on the laws of Nature, with years of experience and evidence to sustain it, does not treat down, make sick to make well; no harsh treatment, no tritum, no dithering. We know the cause and the remedy needed; no guess work, but knowledge gained by years of experience in the treatment of chronic diseases exclusively; no encouragement without a prospect. Candid in our opinions, reasonable in our charges, claim not to know everything, but cure everybody, but do lay claim to reason and common sense. We invite the sick, to matter what their ailment, to call and investigate before they stand hope, make interrogations and decide for yourselves; it will cost nothing a consultation is free. Visits made regularly.

DR. V. CLARENCE PRICE

Can be consulted at JANESVILLE, WISCONSIN, HOUSE, Saturday and Sunday, the 24th and 25th of August, 1878.
Patients will address all letters to Dr. V. Clarence Price, Waikato, Ill., with stamp.

J. A. PATTERSON.

SAFETY

WITH

SAFETY LAMP. COMMON LAMP.

The picture on the right fairly illustrates one of the many accidents daily happening with common lamps. No family using the ordinary kerosene lamp is safe against such accidents. The picture on the left shows the different result when the AUTOMATIC SAFETY LAMP is used. No father or mother should risk the lives of their children by using any other. It saves life and prevents accident by fire to person or property sold by dealers everywhere. Send for circular.

HARRIS & SMITH,

Manufacturers, Janesville, Wis.

SAFETY WITH SAFETY LAMP. COMMON LAMP.

SAFETY WITH SAFETY LAMP. COMMON LAMP.

SAFETY WITH SAFETY LAMP. COMMON LAMP.

SAFETY WITH SAFETY LAMP. COMMON LAMP.

SAFETY WITH SAFETY LAMP. COMMON LAMP.

SAFETY WITH SAFETY LAMP. COMMON LAMP.

SAFETY WITH SAFETY LAMP. COMMON LAMP.

SAFETY WITH SAFETY LAMP. COMMON LAMP.

SAFETY WITH SAFETY LAMP. COMMON LAMP.

SAFETY WITH SAFETY LAMP. COMMON LAMP.

SAFETY WITH SAFETY LAMP. COMMON LAMP.

SAFETY WITH SAFETY LAMP. COMMON LAMP.

SAFETY WITH SAFETY LAMP. COMMON LAMP.

SAFETY WITH SAFETY LAMP. COMMON LAMP.

SAFETY WITH SAFETY LAMP. COMMON LAMP.

SAFETY WITH SAFETY LAMP. COMMON LAMP.

SAFETY WITH SAFETY LAMP. COMMON LAMP.

SAFETY WITH SAFETY LAMP. COMMON LAMP.

SAFETY WITH SAFETY LAMP. COMMON LAMP.

SAFETY WITH SAFETY LAMP. COMMON LAMP.

GRAND FREE EXHIBITION

At JANESVILLE,

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 28th.

5 MONSTER AFRICAN ELEPHANTS

BATHING IN ROCK RIVER IN FULL VIEW OF THE CITY.

THE STANDARD SHOW OF THE UNIVERSE!

WAIT FOR THE BIGGEST!

And Spend Your Money Where You are Sure to Obtain the Largest Return.

NOT Until Wednesday, August 28th.

4 MONSTER SHOWS CONSOLIDATED!

Great and Grand Enough in Power and Strength to Over-Shadow and Swallow up all Opposition! Larger than any other, and More

Brilliant and Popular than Language can Describe. This is the only Show that has no Equal.

GREAT LONDON SHOW!

SANGER'S ENLARGED BRITISH MENAGERIE! DOCKRILL'S PARISIAN CIRCUS, AND THE MARDI-GRAS CARNIVAL.

\$10,000 IN CHALLENGES is hereby offered that the London Show exhibits all of the following features, and that it is the only Show on Earth that presents exactly what it advertises.

Quartet of the Most Famous Riders Living!
Mlle. Elise Dockrill.



Whose equus as Principal Four-Horse and Hurdle Rider never existed, and the only woman who rides four horses at one time.

JAMES ROBINSON

Wearing the belts of France, Spain, Russia and England, and the hearts of his countrymen. First appearance after a journey around the world, and no rider of any nationality dare dispute his undoubted title of champion of all countries.

These two Great Riders Receive \$2,000 Weekly.

Their combined salaries aggregating more than the entire expenses of any whole company in existence. No claim made to the championship by any other artists than these two great riders is monstrously absurd and deserves the public condemnation.

Mlle. Pauline Lee.

Whose Elegant and Gracful Principal Act and Juggling Specialties have excited a furore throughout Europe.

William Gorman.

The Wizard Horseman and Hurricane Hurdle and Jockey Rider. A leap and a dash's somersault of thirty-eight feet by the most agile athlete on earth. Mr. FRANK GARDNER, the Australian, FIVE ELEPHANTS IN PYRAMID, military drill, playing elegant music, dancing, waits and quadrille, standing on hind legs, and head, etc., etc.

A GROUP OF FIVE ROYAL BENGAL TIGERS

Trained and performed by the English expert, ALFRED STILL. Possessing three tigers, many as are owned by any other show, and the only performing wild beasts of their kind in America.



A DEN OF SIX TAWNY PANTHERS, from the jungles of Mexico, together with the

Most Gigantic Wild Beast Show

Ever congregated under acres of water-proof pavilions; the finest acts of spring board leaps, best feat of tumbling, the most and elegantly dressed people, and the largest company of circus performers ever seen in any one establishment on earth.

Four Great Clowns,

John Patterson, the Irish Wit and Vocalist, from county Clare; three unapproachable French Kebab Brothers, features, and that the London alone has them.

Esau the Hairy Girl.

A girl covered with long glossy hair, from head to foot. CAPT. CHAPMAN and WIFE, with their tiny cat, "New Bedford," which made the famous and successful trip across the Atlantic last summer.

LIONESS AND THREE NURSING BABIES.

These infant lions were born in Gilmore's Garden, last March, and are so amiable that the ladies and children handle them.

Any other company advertising a Mardi-Gras Carnival not only cannot produce it, but stole the idea from the London. As a fitting contribution to the pleasure of all lovers of grand spectacles, the London offers the most gorgeous, free Street Procession, which occurs daily, between 9 and 10 A. M., including over 200 people, 300 horses, and 50 Lilliputian ponies. The magnificent Tableau cars, a giant Whale and lacy chariots, brilliant costumes, and gold-mounted harness, the ever popular Mardi-Gras Carnival, the amazing Mechanical Antagona, 1,000 flags, banners and waving plumes, and endless catalogues of sensations; sights, worth coming hundreds of miles to witness, the whole grand display embraced and

ENRICHED with TWO FULL MILITARY BANDS OF MUSIC

Remember the London alone performs all its advertised, and that its record is brighter and clearer than that of any contemporary. No traveling establishment ever received such eulogistic press notices and manifested hearty praise from the liberal and fair-minded people.

Notwithstanding the tremendously increased proportion of this great show, the price will remain 50 cents for Adults and 25 cents for Children under 10 years of age. Reserved Seats, 25 cents extra. Two performances daily, at 2 and 7:30 p.m. Doors open one hour previous. To avoid the crowds on the grounds, purchase tickets at a slight advance the day of the exhibition, at King's Bookstore.

Excursion Trains will run on all Roads at Greatly Reduced Rates, at Such Hours as will Accommodate Everybody.

Janesville, Wednesday, AUGUST 28th.

Attention!!

Money saved by carefully reading the following announcement, and money saved is the same as money made.

VICTORIA KID GLOVES!

In 2 Buttons and all colors at \$1.00 per pair. The lowest price ever known for this quality of KID on this side of the Atlantic. "VICTORIA" is one of the most celebrated brands of KID GLOVES in the world and are sold everywhere at the uniform price of \$1.50 per pair. We have now reduced them to the low price of \$1.00 per pair to close out, and as our stock will not be replenished those wishing to make selections should CALL AT ONCE.

Special Sales of Linen Suits!

TO MAKE A CLEAN SWEEP of our stock of LADIES' LINEN SUITS before the opening of the fall trade we offer the following extraordinary inducements to buyers: Linen Suits sold by us during the early part of the season at \$10.00 out down 50 per cent, and now only \$5.00; LINEN SUITS sold at \$8.00 out down in the same proportion and now only \$4.00. LINEN SUITS sold at \$5.00 out down 40 per cent, and now only \$3.00. These figures are about one-half the regular and usual price of LINEN SUITS.

CORSETS!

We have just opened an Elegant Line of Novelties in CORSETS comprising some special brands of unequal merit at very low prices. We wish to draw the attention of the Ladies more especially to our

DOLLAR CORSET!

Which we guarantee superior to anything in the State for the money. We offer the CELEBRATED NEOMA CORSET, At 50 Cents acknowledged to be without a rival in America, and full lines of such standard brands as the EUREKA, TUTTLE B. B., and American Beauty, &c., &c.

Dress Goods!

In accordance with our usual custom at this season of the year we have determined to close out our surplus stock of Dress Goods without regard to either cost or value and to this end we have this day cut down the price of about 100 different styles of Dress Fabrics to merely nominal figures so that anybody and everybody can afford to supply themselves abundantly without feeling the expense. Call and examine the splendid array of bargains now on exhibition in our Dress Goods Department.

White Goods

We wish to call the special attention of housekeepers to the magnificent attractions now offered by us in

Linens, Lawns, Cambrics, Muslins, and Jaconets!

Table Linens 25 and 37 1-2 cents per yard and our extra fine quality at 50 cents per yard. Fine Bleached Table Linens in Damask and a variety of rich and beautiful designs at \$1.00 per yard—the best value ever offered in the city.

Victoria Lawns & Children's Cloakings

AT COST.

HOSIERY AND GLOVES!

An enormous stock comprising every imaginable brand and make in the world at every price from 5 cents upwards Children's Plain and Fancy Hose from 5 to 50 Cents per pair.

Men's Plain and Fancy Half Hose at every price from 5 cents to \$1.00 per pair. An elegant line of Ladies' Lace Mitts at the lowest prices ever known.

HANDKERCHIEFS

All Pure Linen Hem Stitched Handkerchief 2 1-2 inch border at 15 cents. We sold 50 dozen of those handkerchiefs during the past week.

LADIES' TIES.

100 dozen Ladies' Ties at 5 cents each.
500 dozen Ladies' Ties at 10 cents each.
500 dozen Ladies' Ties at 15 cents each.
500 dozen Ladies' Ties at 25 cents each.

Ladies Neck Wear!

We have just opened an immense variety of novelties in Ruchings, Collarets, Cuffs and Collars at still lower prices. Our stock of these goods cannot be matched outside of Chicago or Milwaukee.

HAMBURG EMBROIDERIES

10,000 yards Edgings and Insertings at cost to close out.

Ribbon Counter.

Call and note the wonderful bargains displayed on this counter A splendid quality of Ribbon only 2 1-2 cents per yard.

HAIR SWITCHES.

The only assortment of the genuine goods in the city at about one-half the usual price.

MILLINERY.

We are now closing out preparatory to the fall trade our surplus stock of Millinery at an average of 50 cents on the dollar of our regular season prices. The balance of our trimmed hats are now being disposed of at an immense sacrifice to close out.

STANDARD AMERICAN PRINTS is new and choicest styles at 5 cents per yard.

McKEY & BRO.

Mammoth Establishment 24 and 26 Main St., Sign of the Golden Sheep, Janesville, Wis.

BRIEFLETS.

—No dust.
—Fireworks last night.
—Arthur H. Orton, of Beloit, is in the city.
—Base ballers are at work this afternoon.
—The circus will show its 4 paws tomorrow.

—Milwaukee street bridge is being patched up to-day.
—Congregational lawn party Friday evening at Mr. L. B. Cutting's.
—Justice Balch is busy to-day listening to further testimony in the case of Shimeal, charged with shooting Fonda.

—Owners of orchards complain that the boys are constantly stealing the green apples. What is their loss is the doctors' gain.

—Mr. A. H. Lewis, editor of the East Boston Advocate, Boston, Mass., is in the city, and made a pleasant call at the Gazette.

—Mr. and Mrs. C. J. Cheney, and their daughter, formerly of Janesville, and now of Clintonville, Wisconsin, are visiting friends in this city.

—Kate Lynch, is at home again at the jail, and will be brought up on the old charge of being drunk, as soon as she can be washed up, so as to be presentable.

—The regalia of A. Lindow in Professor Haire's rooms are models of neatness. Remember to-morrow afternoon is the grand parade of the Temple of Honor.

—William Hagany, 16 years old, was yesterday afternoon sentenced to the industrial school at Waukesha, for indecent exposure of his person. The second charge of attempting rape was dropped. An appeal was taken and bonds given.

—Those on the East side of the river who intend to go with the Knights of Pythias and the Bower City Band on their excursion to Milwaukee, can procure tickets of E. B. Heimstreet, as he has charge of car No. 3, and is ready to reserve seats for such as choose.

—Dr. Thomas and Rev. Sumner Ellis, of Chicago, will preach next Sunday at Palmyra, where they are rusticating. This will be an excellent chance for the people in this vicinity to hear these celebrated divines, as they can go from here to Palmyra Saturday and return Monday.

—Last evening there was an interesting time in Center, it being the presentation, by the ladies, of an elegant silk banner, to the Prairie Temple of Honor. General A. H. Bowen, of Nebraska, and Colonel Watrous, of Fond du Lac, participated in the affair, as well as Captain H. C. Miles.

—A special meeting of the Crystal Temple of Honor was held last evening, and was attended by many delegates to the Supreme Council. Enthusiastic speeches were made by representatives from Tennessee, Connecticut, Texas, Ohio, Pennsylvania, New York, Iowa, Rhode Island, and Wisconsin.

THE WEATHER.

The thermometer at 7 o'clock this morning stood at 70 degrees above zero and at 2 o'clock at 82 degrees above. Clear. One year ago to-day at corresponding hours the thermometer stood at 62 and 78 degrees above.

BASE BALL.

The Milwaukee club arrived this afternoon to play the Mutuals. They intended to take in Rockford to-morrow, but have changed their plans and will play again here to-morrow morning, the game to commence at 10:30 o'clock. This will enable all who desire to see a first-class game for the state championship, to attend, without interfering with the arrangements for the circus parade in the morning. The game will be over by dinner time and all can see the Temple parade in the afternoon.

At Providence yesterday—Chicago 4, Providence 4. Game called after eleven innings, because of darkness.
At Boston yesterday—Indianapolis 7, Boston 6, eleven innings.
At Cincinnati yesterday—Milwaukee 10, Cincinnati 7.

CRAZY AS A LOON.

Walter McHenry, a half-breed from Green Bay, who has been stopping in the city for some time, was arrested by Marshal Keating last night and locked up. He was some time ago arrested as a tramp, but on being released went to work for Adam Wilson in the wagon-shop, got money enough to pay up his bill at the Norris house, and get some clothes, and yesterday he was going around town like a crazy man. He has during all of his stay here acted queerly, but yesterday he was worse than ever. He attempted to pull down and carry off the calves trough from the house next to J. D. King's, was collared and punished by John F. Hamilton, a shoemaker living there, and later in the day was tipping over boxes and barrels in the streets and hallooing. He was gaily dressed in bright red pants and otherwise costumed so as to attract attention.

A LUCKY TRAMP.

Doubtless many will remember that some months ago when there was a general raid made on a camp of tramps near Monterey, one of the party, a one-legged beggar, named Daniel McCord, struck Marshal Keating over the head with his crutch and was held for trial on the charge of assault. He was sentenced to ninety days in jail, and his time is nearly expired. Yesterday papers came to him from Uncle Samuel, notifying him that he had at last been placed on the pension list for injuries received during the war. A draft was enclosed for \$280, to pay up his pension to date; and also a draft of \$75 for the purpose of procuring an artificial leg to take the place of the one that was lost. McCord is a fine peevish man, and with this pecuniary aid, there is no reason why he should not leave the army of tramps and become a reformer. A man of his ability ought to be able to get some means of gaining an honest livelihood. The only thing that bothers him now is to get some one to identify him as the man entitled to the pension, so as to get the drafts cashed.

COLD-WATER MEN.

They Gather from All Parts of North America and Sit in Council.

The Officers and Delegates and Their Doings To-day.

Annual Report of the Most Worthy Templar.

The thirty-second annual session of the Supreme Council of the Templars of Honor of North America has called to this city a large number of representatives from various parts of the country. Most of those present arrived yesterday and last evening.

They are a fine appearing body of men, and are not only prominent workers in the Order, but also prominent in the business, professional, and social circles of the places where they reside. They entered upon their work this morning, the following being the officers:

M. W. T.—John N. Stearns, of New York.

M. W. V. T.—Gardner Hepburn, Missouri.

M. W. R.—Reuben C. Bull, New York.

M. W. Treasurer—Charles Kelley, Pennsylvania.

M. W. U.—J. A. Watrous, Wisconsin.

M. W. Chaplain—D. A. Bid, Iowa.

P. M. W. T.—S. H. Wallace, Pennsylvania.

A Committee on Credentials was appointed, who reported the following as delegates entitled to seats, the large portion of whom were present.

THE DELEGATES.

New York—Past Grand Worthy Templars—Reuben C. Bull, Timothy Parsons, John N. Stearns, C. E. Koch, Charles Graham, George H. Hick, George K. Carroll, Joseph N. Joy, Jesse K. Starr, R. R. R. Dumas, G. W. T. Past Grand Vice Templars—D. L. Weaver, E. Mack, W. B. Wadsworth, John Macdellus, J. H. Lindsey, R. H. Hannan, Thomas Moulton, N. D. Wilson.

Pennsylvania—Past Grand Worthy Templars—W. S. Stiles, J. S. Pingle, George F. Turner, A. H. Semberow, Charles Kelley, J. E. M. Harron, George Gabel, H. B. Potter, J. W. Myers, Richard Morris, J. A. Garvey, Robert E. Lynch, W. C. Cleghorn, G. W. T. Past Grand Vice Templars—J. M. Hutchinson, S. H. Wallace, A. Dalzell, Samuel Elison, F. M. Higley, J. J. Thomas, Frank Banks, H. B. Bessell, W. H. Chandlely.

Massachusetts—Past Grand Templars—A. T. Wilkinson, S. W. Hodges, H. W. Sacket, J. B. Blanchard, I. F. Chase, J. W. T. Stodder, J. M. Gilson, F. Goodfellow, J. C. Hesteen, Walter Bobb, E. H. Clapp, Joseph Austin, H. W. Willson, E. Warden, C. Q. Tirrell, J. T. Davis, I. T. Balch, A. H. Lewis, J. Robinson, George W. Perry, G. W. T. Past Grand Vice Templars—A. W. Halsey, Charles Freeman, H. A. Cano, J. W. Bailey, Geo. W. Wheeler, Geo. W. Dyer.

Ohio—Past Grand Templars—John H. Kauke, A. W. Tibbitts, B. D. Worthington, J. T. Spencer, J. C. Richardson, James Dodd, D. M. Lazarus, H. B. White, Geo. Plummer, A. Randall, S. W. Brock, G. W. T. Past Grand Vice Templars—Charles Gosche, John Lindsey, S. S. Peck, Thomas M. Thompson, M. M. Garrett.

Kentucky—Past Grand Templars—L. D. Pearson, E. C. Pearson, J. W. Bowers, W. J. Robinson, W. G. Frank, W. C. Johnson, G. W. T. Past Vice Templar—F. Butler.

Louisiana—Past Grand Templars—J. McWhiter, A. M. Manlin, Thomas Hall, James Mitchell, T. H. Jones, W. F. Price, F. Von Behren, W. Wardross, H. Schultz, W. McLaughlin, G. W. T. Past Grand Vice Templars—A. T. Everhart, John Forrest, G. M. Wadsworth, O. F. Peterson, S. R. Bennett.

New Jersey—Past Grand Templars—C. I. Hadden, A. H. Freeman, J. M. Milnor, Jesse Williams, A. W. Gutter, J. P. Williams, E. V. Oakley, C. S. Woodruff, M. H. Scott, W. L. Condit, C. E. Crane, C. F. Napier, S. Rutchen, G. W. T. Past Grand Vice Templars—J. D. Whiteside, F. E. Gerbert, A. M. Condit, H. D. Williams, W. H. Meeker, Geo. M. Stiles, L. G. Lockwood, Wm. Greene, A. H. Smith, T. C. Hammond.

Missouri—Past Grand Templars—T. L. Coppedge, G. Hepburn, J. W. Doyball, J. J. Garver, A. Appleton, G. W. T. Past Vice Templars—H. D. Moore, Otto Schoen, H. A. Spreen.

Rhode Island—Past Grand Templars—G. C. Gates, H. A. Freeman, H. S. Woodworth, H. L. Lezelle, James O. Lester, E. M. Jenks, George Edwards, Henry L. Holmes, H. Q. Mortimer, J. G. Johnson, G. W. T. Past Vice Templars—P. A. Fairbrother, W. C. Peckman, John A. Nisbet, W. P. Thornton, R. H. Gladding, John A. Ellis, Charles Botley.

Indiana—Past Grand Templars—John H. Orr, H. J. Needham, John Gromley, W. Shaw, William Rogers, C. C. Bradford, L. Taylor, Mark Jones, William Jones, T. K. Hardman, I. S. Wade.

Maine—Past Grand Templars—F. Loring, E. P. Whittey, S. R. Small, M. L. Stevens, G. S. Watson, W. T. Small, E. H. Case, J. E. Nye, E. S. Gorham, J. W. Fuller, C. H. Varney, J. J. Jones, James Mulligan, N. B. Nutt, Jr., F. A. A. Heath, R. J. Leinart, C. D. Warren.

Illinois—W. S. Dewey, J. Z. Colburn, J. C. Wallace.

New Brunswick—Past Grand Templars—Charles A. Everett, W. C. Whitaker, Wm. M. McLean, J. H. McRobbie, G. T. Knollin, A. S. Bustin, J. B. Eagles, H. M. Patterson, John March, Past Vice Templars—J. S. McDermott, S. Tufts, E. H. Jones, C. E. Fairweather, S. J. Warwick.

Wisconsin—J. A. Watrous, B. F. Kelsey, A. A. Thompson, J. S. Crane, C. W. Smith, E. D. Gordon, W. A. Gordon, I. G. Hendricks.

Vermont—Past Grand Templars—Elisha Brown, P. H. Hinkley, A. M. Pearson, C. F. Guernsey, D. C. Pearson, J. A. Pearson, S. F. Nye.

Connecticut—Past Grand Templars—F. H. Sage, W. D. Buckley, T. G. W. Jefferson, J. H. Nichols, J. R. Raymond, A. S. Grilling, G. W. T. Past Vice Templars—John E. Servis, H. J. Fletcher, J. E. Bailey, C. D. Hall, Giles H. Wadsworth.

Texas—Past Grand Templars—B. L. Richey, J. H. Hiner, Thomas Keats, C. L. Herpin, S. P. Newbury, G. W. T. Past

Vice Templars—J. H. Johnson, J. E. Button, S. Stearns, S. T. Crum.

Iowa—U. A. Reed, Robert Sutherland, D. G. Anderson, Geo. R. Mum, A. P. Hewitt, Maryland and District of Columbia—Past Grand Templars—D. P. Holloway, F. T. Leitch, T. P. Reid, A. R. Gekal, W. Silverwood, E. D. Easton, L. B. Dickinson, G. W. T. Past Vice Templars—W. P. Higdon, C. W. Harris, F. B. Sappington.

Minnesota—R. Lehmke.

Tennessee—Anson Nelson, W. A. Wherry, J. W. Graham, H. H. Briggs, S. Lamont, D. C. McDougal.

Nebraska—A. H. Bowen, L. W. Billingsley.

Grand Council of Massachusetts—J. G. Brayman, W. H. Craven.

Grand Council of Rhode Island—G. W. Gould, W. H. Bicknell, H. H. Dunham.

Grand Council of Wisconsin—S. Clark Burnham, Jr.

STANDING COMMITTEES.

The following standing committees were appointed:

State of the Order—A. H. Semberow, C. E. Everett, A. H. Bowen, J. H. Wallace, J. M. Gilson, F. H. Sage.

Appeals—E. H. Clapp, A. W. Tibbitts, J. N. Graham.

Grand and Subordinate Templars—B. F. Kelsey, G. W. Wheeler, Joseph Dayball.

Pensions and Applications—John Gromley, J. K. Starr, Thad Keats.

Press—J. A. Watrous, I. F. Chase, A. P. Hewitt.

Obituary—A. H. Lewis, C. S. Woodruff, W. O. Buckley.

Temperance Literature—G. H. Hick, J. S. Crane, T. K. Harman.

Most of the business of today's session was of a character of interest only to the order, except

THE ANNUAL REPORT

of the Most Worthy Templar, J. N. Stearns. He stated that there never had been a year in the history of the temperance movement when so much of real advancement had been made or so many new recruits enlisted as during the last twelve months. During the past year there had been organized a Grand Temple in the State of Nebraska, a Grand Council in Wisconsin, with a charter granted for another Council in Connecticut, and subordinate Temples announced in California, New Hampshire, Nebraska, Michigan, Florida, Mississippi, Colorado, and in Dakota, Wyoming and Utah territories. Several newspapers are now published devoted in whole or in part to the interests of the order. During the year several members of the body had passed away, they being: Alexander Clements, P. G. W. V. T. of Pennsylvania; Charles A. Dodge, P. G. C. of Massachusetts; Joseph W. Robinson, P. G. W. V. T. of Connecticut.

The report touched upon the relation existing between the order and politics, some decisions on appeals, and other matters of peculiar interest to the fraternity.

To-morrow morning the election of officers will take place, and in the afternoon there will be the great parade, in which many will take part besides the delegates. Templars from various parts near here expect to be present. To-morrow morning the Monroe train will bring hither a large number, probably a hundred from Monroe and Brookfield, accompanied by the Monroe Band, and other Temples will be likewise represented. The session promises to be the best attended and most interesting of any yet held.

To-morrow evening there will be an open meeting in Lappin's hall at which several efficient speakers will be present, and to which the public is invited.

A SEVERE STORM.

It cut down corn and tobacco, making a heavy loss. The freaks of the lightning—Barns Burned.

Yesterday afternoon and evening a storm of wind, rain, hail, and lightning, in fact a medley of all the elements, skirmished around Janesville doing considerable damage, especially in the Town of Fulton, where the tobacco and corn was cut down in places, to a fearful extent. One farmer, Mr. J. C. Hurd, estimates his loss on corn and tobacco at \$2,000 and others have suffered proportionately. In what is known as the Pomeroy neighborhood it was particularly severe, and great loss has been caused.

BURNED BY LIGHTNING.

Last night about 11 o'clock the lightning struck the barn of John McCarthy, who lives about two miles east of Emerald Grove, and set it on fire. A hired man was sleeping in the barn at the time and the shaft came within twenty feet of him. He was not so stunned but what he was able to get out of the barn in safety. Mr. McCarthy managed to get the horses out of the burning building but saved nothing else. The barn contained a threshing machine, a reaper and a mower, and other implements, besides some barley. He had \$600 insurance on the contents of the barn and \$600 on the building, but this he claims will not cover his loss, the building alone having cost him \$1,000.

ANOTHER BARN STRUCK.

Shortly after one of the terrible crashes of thunder last night, a big blaze, was noticed west of Janesville. It proved to be the barn of M. Gundel, in the town of Plymouth, which was struck by lightning and completely destroyed by fire, together with the contents, including two horses.

DAMAGE TO SHIPPING.

The wind last night drove the prow of the little steamer Bismark up onto its mooring place, forcing the stern under water, and causing the boat to tilt and sink. It was this morning dragged ashore and pumped out, and suffered little damage.

QUIZMA.

Our attention has been called to a neat and attractive volume entitled Quizma, written by a former resident of our city, Mrs. Willie Downing Sherman. The work is founded upon facts, and embraces an interesting and descriptive knowledge of Mormon life, truthful incidents which she gleaned while a resident of Salt Lake City. The commencing chapters are scenes laid in Wyoming Valley, Pennsylvania, the birthplace of the author. This book inspires the reader with a noble aim and high moral purpose. Its object is an exposure of polygamy and its deceitful atrocities. The story is told in eloquent language, and gives evidence of a powerful mind. Godfrey and Crandall, of Milwaukee, printed this handsome volume of

385 pages and it is copyrighted. It will undoubtedly have a ready sale in this city where this talented lady has many friends.

We freely commend it to all. It can be found at the bookstore in cloth bindings, one dollar. Paper covers, fifty cents.

A HAPPY COMBINATION.

The Medical fraternity prescribe Malt Extract for consumption and general debility. Hop Bitters are advertised as a tonic and nerve, but how much superior to all these is Todd's Ale which contains in correct proportions, judiciously blended, all the above named articles, with the addition of an Elixir vinous property of five per cent.

This combination presents a harmless and nutritive tonic which is unequalled by any other known preparation.

The debilitated and overworked, the overstrained energies both mental and physical can be revived and restored by the daily use of Todd's Ales.

This celebrated ale can be found at all the principal Hotels, Billiard Rooms and Wine and Spirit establishments in this city and throughout the State.

SCANDAL AT MILTON JUNCTION.

It appears that in and about Milton Junction rumors and gossip stories have been circulated, which have called forth the following cards, which are self-explanatory:

A CARD.

It having come to my knowledge that for the past week a report derogatory to my moral character, and implicating the purity of a young lady, who is and has been for years a member of my family, has been assiduously circulated by various and diverse persons, said report purporting to emanate from my wife, I take this occasion to say that such report is without any foundation in fact, but is a baseless, shameless, wanton slander, totally devoid of every element of truth, and I now pronounce it an infamous libel manufactured from whole cloth, and circulated through this community, where I have lived since the war, with an avidity that betokens a spirit more to be pitied than censured. For corroboration of this denial I have but to refer to the accompanying card from my wife, upon whose purported knowledge of facts the whole baseless fabric rests. Whatever of comfort or satisfaction can be found in that to satisfy the cravings for gossip, or feed the hungry maw of my enemies, they are welcome to enjoy. Certain it is that while I do not court their favor, for their enemy I have no fear, save as they resort to the cowardly weapons of malicious libel. I might have treated the matter with silent contempt did it concern no one but myself, but when it attacks the chastity of one whose fair name is all she has, save the protection and shield of the home where she has grown to womanhood, filling the place and being treated more as an elder daughter, than a menial, casting a shadow over the future of an only child, and throwing the responsibility of the report upon my wife, I feel warranted in at least demanding that those who indulge in that kind of gossip shall confine themselves to facts, and I assure my friends that while I challenge any man or woman to produce one vestige of proof to sustain this charge, or any charge of similar character, I shall have no stone thrown in the prompt and merciless prosecution of any person or persons who shall be found responsible for its circulation.

F. C. BUTEN.

Milton Junction, Aug. 13th, 1878.

THE WIFE'S DENIAL.

It having been currently reported during the past week that I had become cognizant of an act of infidelity on the part of my husband, and compromising a young lady residing in our family, I hereby pronounce the report unqualifiedly false. I having neither at the time mentioned nor at any other time, been cognizant of any act that led me to doubt the moral purity of my husband.

Mrs. F. C. BUTEN.

INVENTIONS.

The following patents were issued out of the United States patent office to citizens

Spalding's Glue will prevent a break in a five hours' talk on bric-a-brac.

MISCELLANEOUS.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.—County Court, Rock County.—In the matter of the estate of Michael Welsh, deceased.

Letters of administration having been issued this day to J. C. Fox, and the time for creditors to present their claims for allowance having been limited to the 17th day of November next, notice is hereby given that the judge of this court, at his office in the city of Janesville, in this county, on the 16th day of November next, from 10 o'clock p. m. to 3 o'clock p. m., will receive, examine and adjust all claims and demands (all persons against said deceased)—thru July 17th, 1878.

AMOS L. FRICKLAND, County Judge.

EXCURSION TO MILWAUKEE!

THURSDAY, AUGUST 22!

Under the Auspices of the

KNIGHTS of PYTHIAS

AND

BOWER CITY BAND!

FARE } From Janesville and Intermediate Points to Milwaukee and Return. { \$1.50

Train Leaves Janesville at 7:30 A. M.; Milton 8:00; Lima, 8:15; Returning Leaves Milwaukee at 6:30 P. M.

SECURED SEATS.

The seats of Six Cars will be reserved and only seventy tickets will be sold for each Car. Purchasers of these tickets will be sure of comfort and delight. Besides the usual attractions afforded in Milwaukee there will be, on the day of the Excursion, a game of Base Ball between the Boston and Milwaukee Clubs and a ride on Lake Michigan in one of the magnificent Steamers of the Grand Bay Line. Hotel accommodations in Milwaukee have been secured at greatly reduced rates.

TICKETS ARE NOW FOR SALE AS FOLLOWS:

JANESVILLE—Moseley & Bros., Vankirk's, Heimstreet's, Sutherland's, Croft & Sherer's and King's. MILTON JUNCTION—C. F. Foster. MILTON—W. W. Clark. LIMA—E. Hall.

Take Comfort

The Economist Oil Stove!

35 ALREADY SOLD!

It has no Rival and Knows no Competitor

Every Stove gives satisfaction or no sale. Headquarters, Belting, Lace Leather, Haying Tools, &c. Largest Stock Heavy Hardware.

25 MAIN STREET, G. M. HANCOCK.

of Wisconsin for the week ending July 18th, 1878. Reported for the Gazette by S. A. Hudson, Attorney at Law and Solicitor of Patents, Lappin's block, Janesville, Wisconsin.

Cradle—A. Bernhard, Milwaukee.

Portable fence—S. Bryan, Twin Grove.

Catch basin cover—G. G. Campbell, Milwaukee.

Grain Separator—W. N. Esselstyn, Fort Atkinson.

Double acting pump—H. J. Humphrey, Augusta.

Log slide—J. Paul, La Crosse.

Hat fastener—F. L. Tripp, Eau Claire.

Sled propeller—J. A. Zoebel, Milwaukee.

A. O. U. W.

The regular Thursday evening meeting of the A. O. U. W., will be adjourned until Friday evening, to give all who desire a chance to attend the entertainment of the Temple of Honor. Brethren will govern themselves accordingly. Per order F. SONNEBORN, Recorder.

TEMPLE OF HONOR.

The grand parade of the Temple of Honor will take place on Thursday p. m., at 3 o'clock. It is expected this will be one of the largest and finest processions ever formed in Rock county.

In the evening at 7:30 o'clock a mass meeting of delegates and Templars will be held at Lappin's Hall, to which all friends of the order are invited. This meeting will be addressed by the Hon. J. B. Cassaday and by prominent members of the Order from abroad.

At 9 o'clock in the evening, a social dance will be given at Apollo Hall. It is conceded that these Temple dances are always of the most enjoyable kind. This will not be an exception. Prof. Harry Anderson furnishes the music. Tickets one dollar.

BY ORDER OF THE COMMITTEE.

MILTON JUNCTION.

—Mr. C. S. Vincent can boast of the best crop of wheat this year so far as heard from. His bin contains about 900 bushels of plump red and white winter wheat, which averaged about 33 bushels per acre. It really seemed old fashioned, both in yield and quality.

—Miss Ida Monroe is quite sick.

—Threshing has begun in right good earnest. Barley is being rattled out as fast as possible, in order to take the present high figures.

—Mr. E. L. Burdick and wife, of Albion, gave us a call on Monday night, on their way to Kansas on a visit.

—Miss Cora Holmes has gone to Fayette, Iowa, to spend a few weeks with her uncle's people and others.

—Stacking is nearly ended and most of the grain secured in dry and good condition.

—The Dick Oglesby Troubadours are booked for Morgan's hall Thursday evening. It seems as if they could not have selected a worse night, as the big show and Temple of Honor convention in Janesville, will certainly draw heavily upon any entertainment here.

—Butler Brothers have rented the store and dwelling house now occupied by Dr. Wing, to be vacated about October 1st, when they will enlarge their stock accordingly.

CITY NOTICES.

Bric-a-brac.

Ladies are wild about "Bric-a-brac" and will talk, talk, talk about their world without end. Such ladies should buy Sozodant and use it before they descend upon their hobbies, especially if the persecuted one is a male. It gives a flavor to the conversation.

Spalding's Glue will prevent a break in a five hours' talk on bric-a-brac.

MISCELLANEOUS.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.—County Court, Rock County.—In the matter of the estate of Michael Welsh, deceased.

Letters of administration having been issued this day to J. C. Fox, and the time for creditors to present their claims for allowance having been limited to the 17th day of November next, notice is hereby given that the judge of this court, at his office in the city of Janesville, in this county, on the 16th day of November next, from 10 o'clock p. m. to 3 o'clock p. m., will receive, examine and adjust all claims and demands (all persons against said deceased)—thru July 17th, 1878.

AMOS L. FRICKLAND, County Judge.

EXCURSION TO MILWAUKEE!

THURSDAY, AUGUST 22!

Under the Auspices of the

KNIGHTS of PYTHIAS

AND

BOWER CITY BAND!

FARE } From Janesville and Intermediate Points to Milwaukee and Return. { \$1.50

Train Leaves Janesville at 7:30